

# TRANSFORMER OIL SAMPLES

• Oil Samples to be taken of all transformers and analysed by SABS approved lab for the following:

## 1. Dielectric strength

Dielectric strength is the voltage at which breakdown of the oil occurs. Insulating power decreases as the amount of contaminants in the transformer oil increases so the quality of the oil can be predicted.

# 2. Total acid number (TAN)

TAN is the quantity of base (mg of KOH) that is required to neutralise acid constituents in 1g of sample. An increase in acid indicates that sludge formation is beginning to occur or is occurring.

## 3. Moisture analysis

Why is important to determine the moisture content in transformer oil?

- To determine if there are any leaks in the transformer
- Increase in moisture indicates insulating paper degradation
- Determine if decrease in insulating strength is due to high water content in the transformer oil.

## 4. Polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) analysis

PCB's were released in the 1970's during the oil crises to bulk up the transformer oils. Due to the high toxicity of PCB's it is now legislation to know the PCB content of your transformer oil.

Test	Limit	Unit of
		measure
Moisture	15 ppm. (Max)	ppm
Acidity	0.15 (Max)	Mg KOH/g Oil
Dielectric	50 KV (Min)	KV
РСВ	50 ppm (Max)	ppm

#### Oil Limits (Oil Cooling / Insulating properties)

## 5. Dissolved gas analysis (DGA)

Dissolved gases in transformer oils are inherent gases and gases that form due to the breakdown of the paper or oil under stress or degradation.

With regular DGA testing the following problems can be detected months in advance

- Overheating
- Loose connections
- Break in cellulose
- Arcing
- Partial discharge
- Corona

#### 6. Furanic testing

Furanics are degradation products of the insulation paper found in transformers.

Analysing furanics is important in predicting the degradation of the insulating paper.

Note 1	<200	Test indicates extensive paper degradation has	
		taken place, and has exceeded the critical point.	
		The transformer is now a serious risk of failure.	
Note 2	200-250	The paper is near or at the critical condition.	
		Recommend that the transformer be taken out of	
		service as soon as possible and thoroughly	
		inspected.	
Note 3	260-350	The paper is approaching the critical condition.	
		Suggest inspection be scheduled and/or re-sample	
		within 3/6/12 months to reassess condition. Paper	
		samples can be taken for direct DP testing.	
Note 4	360-450	The paper is starting to approach the critical	
		condition. Suggest a re-sample in 6-12 months time.	
Note 5	460-600	Significant paper deterioration but still well away	
		from the critical level	
Note 6	610-910	Mild to minimal paper aging	